

Современные методы флуоресцентной микроскопии

к.б.н. Владимир Черкас

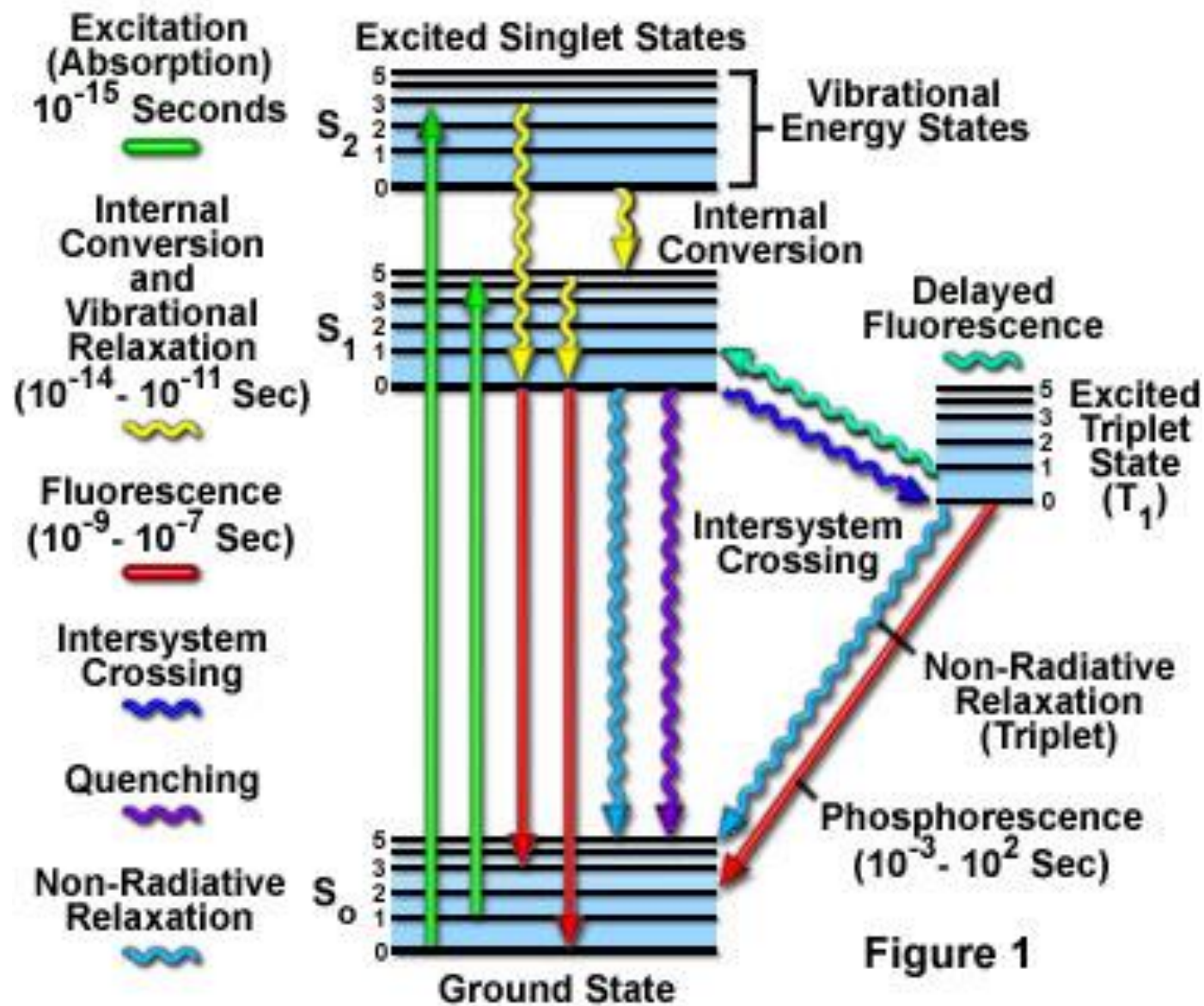


SEEING IS
IS
BELIEVING
SEEING

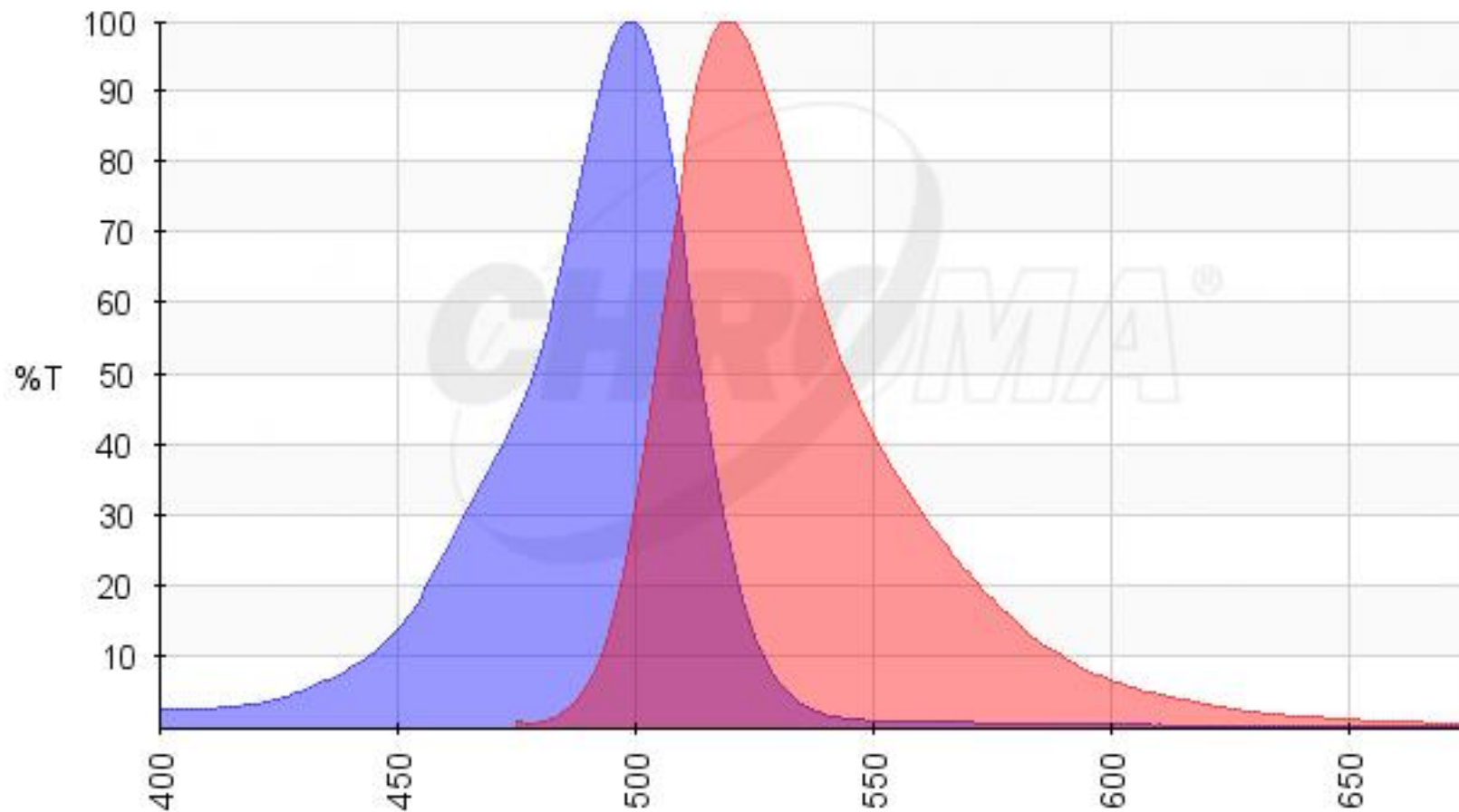
Флуоресценция



Jablonski Energy Diagram

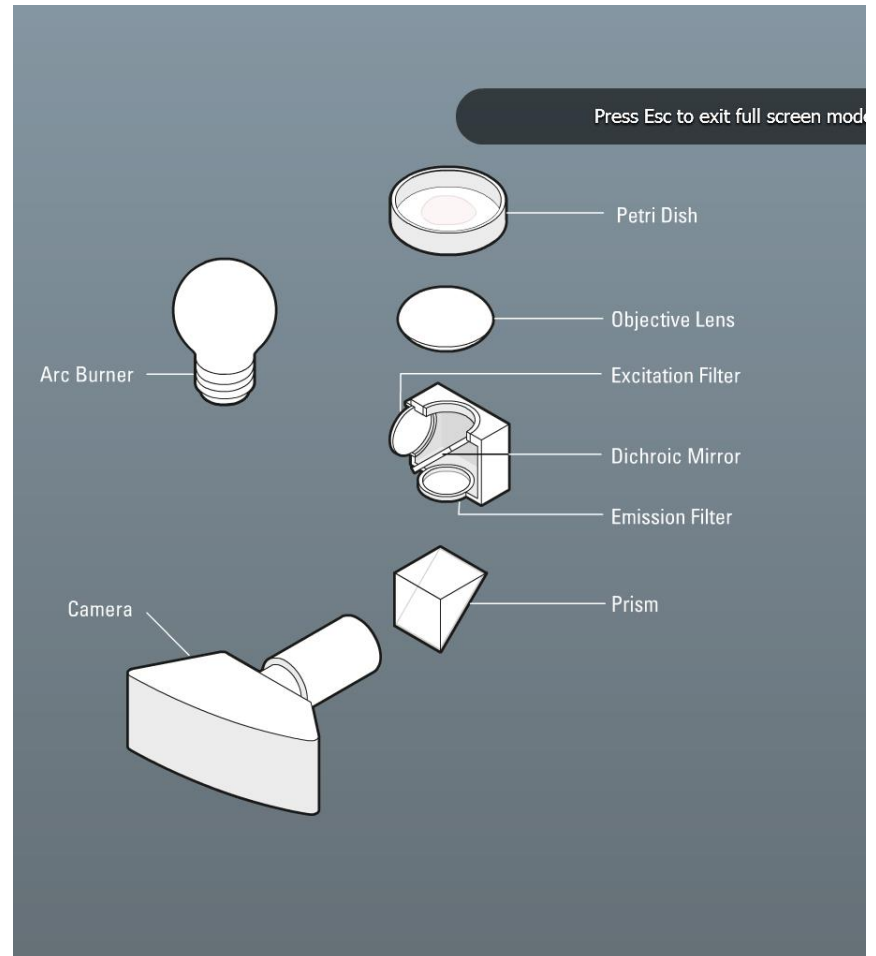


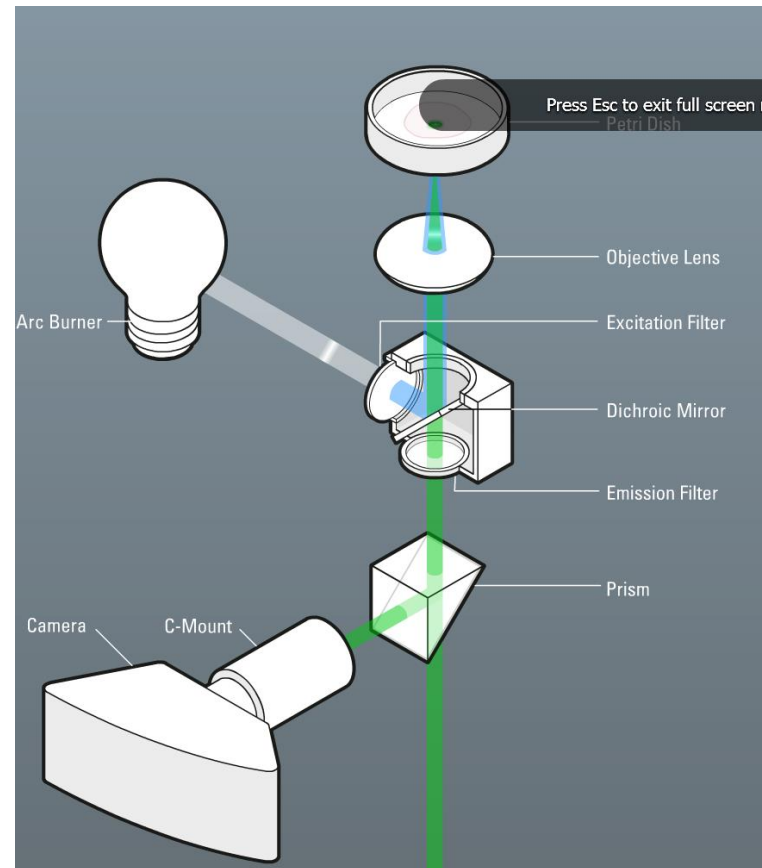
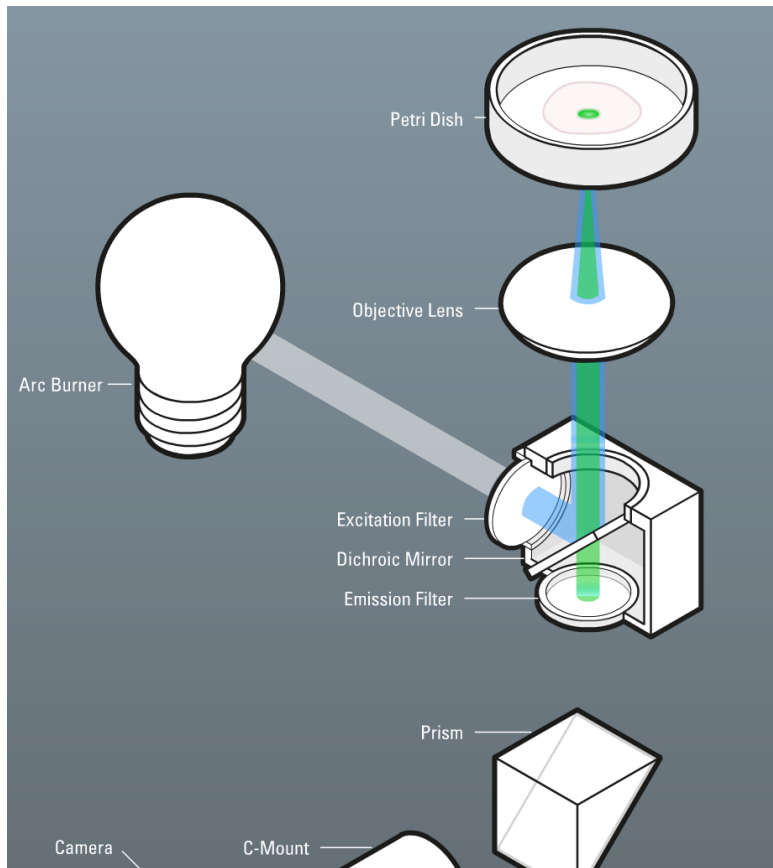
Fluorescence spectrum



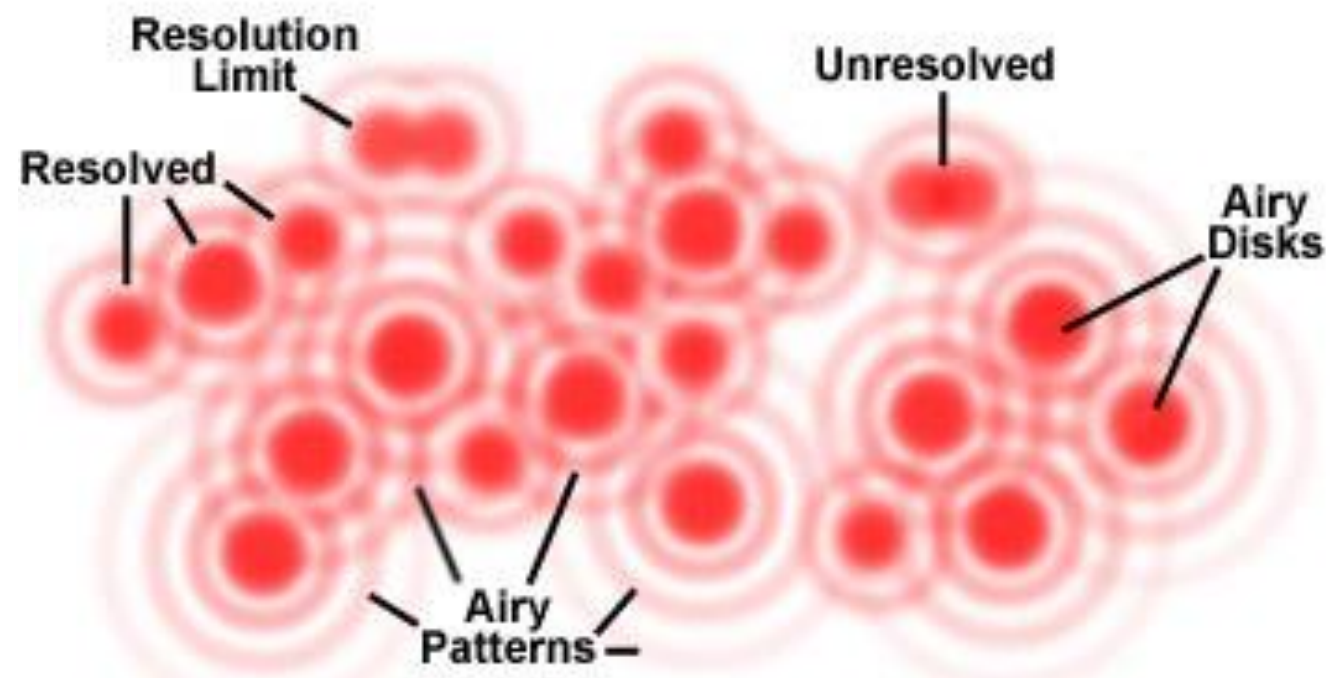
Базовые методы: Widefield







Airy Patterns and the Limit of Resolution

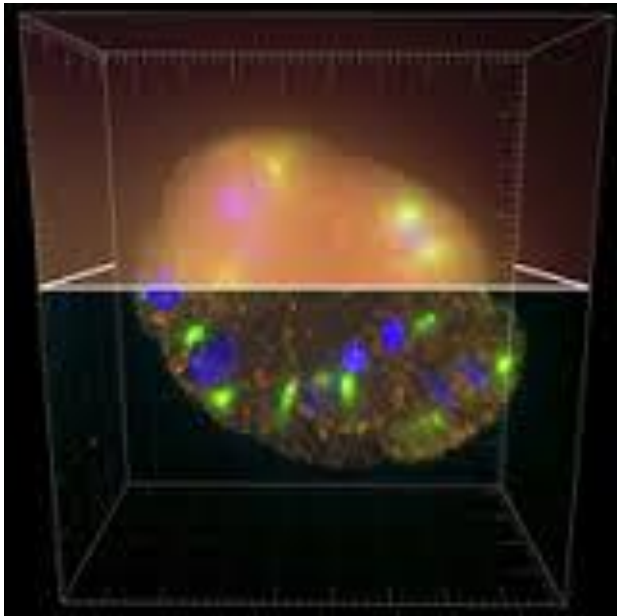
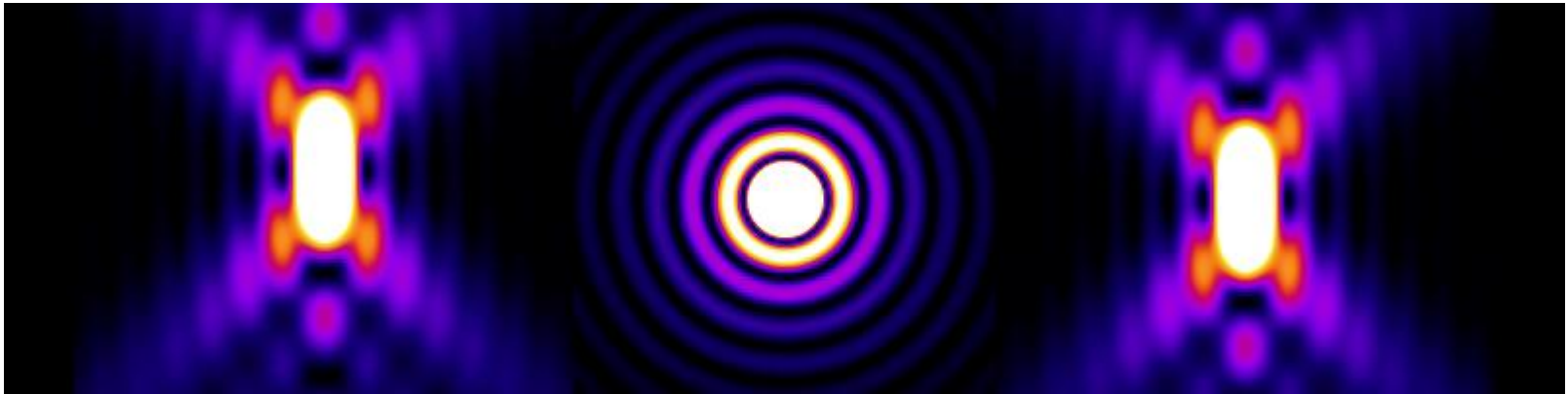


3-Dimensional
Point Spread
Function

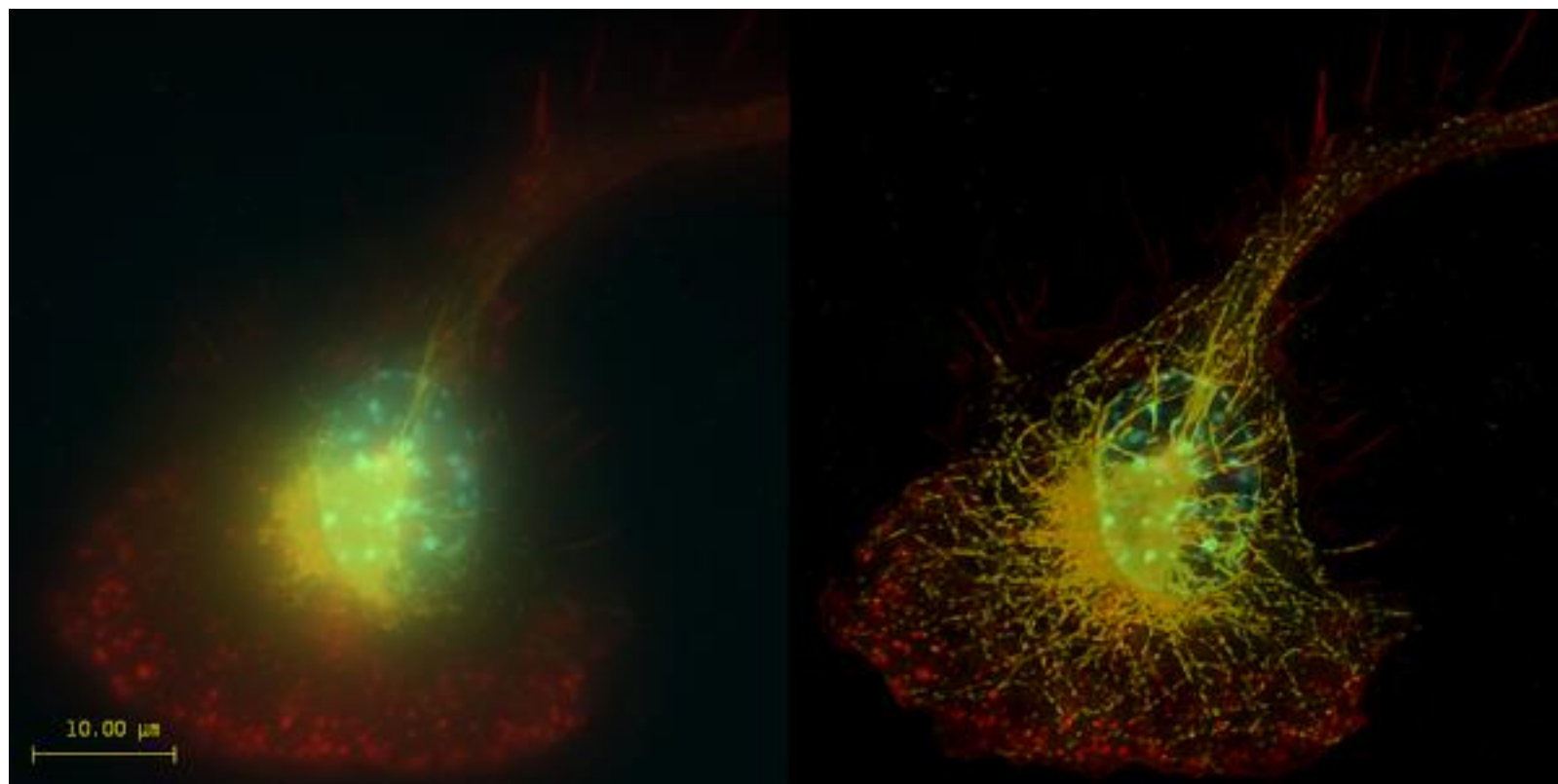
Figure 1

3D Deconvolution

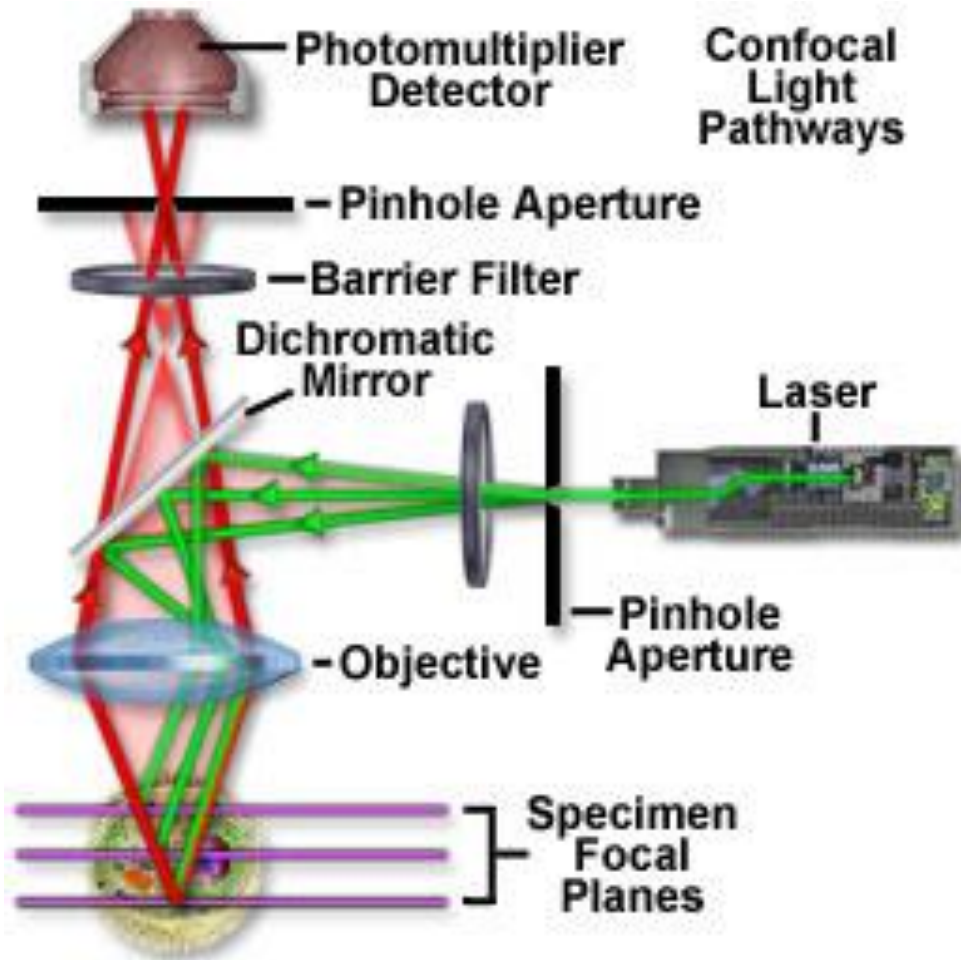
Point spread function



Widefield RAW vs Deconvolved



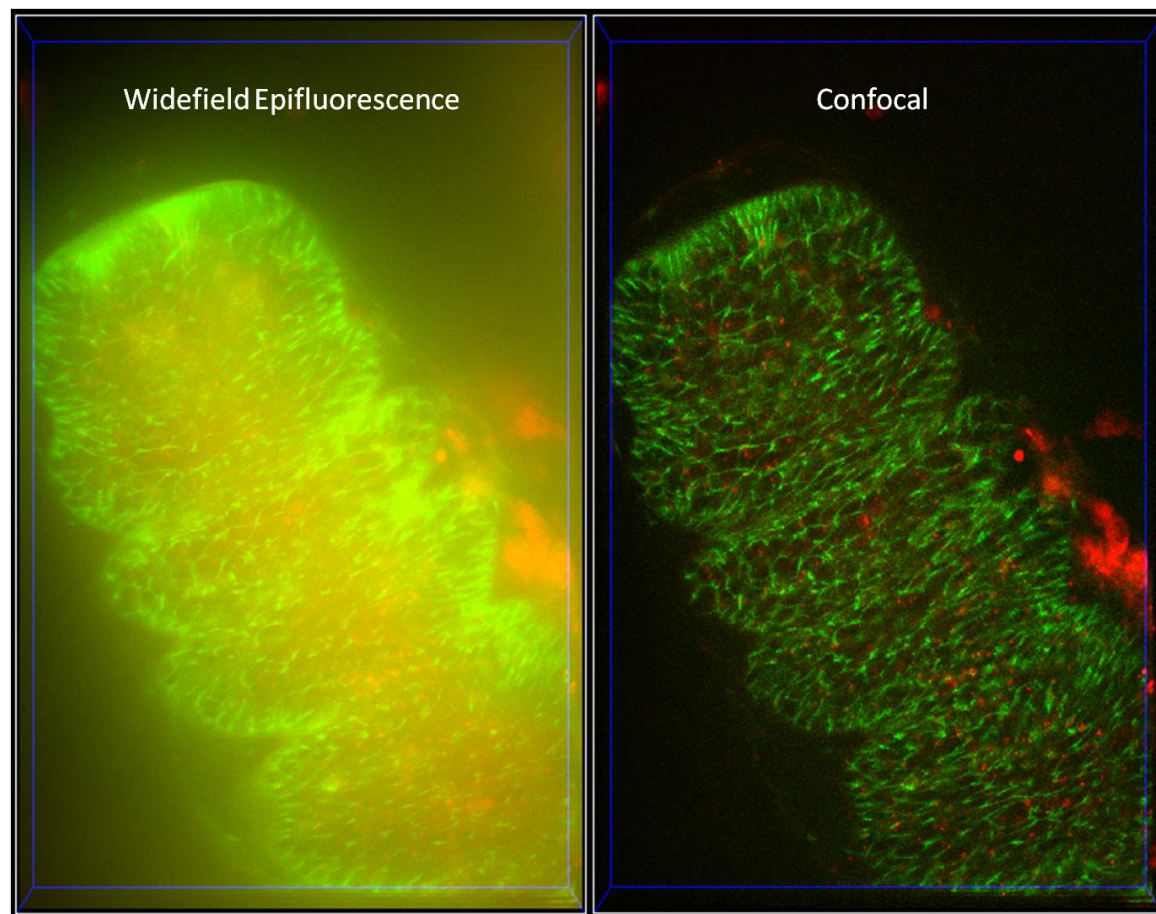
Confocal Laser Scanning Microscope (CLSM)



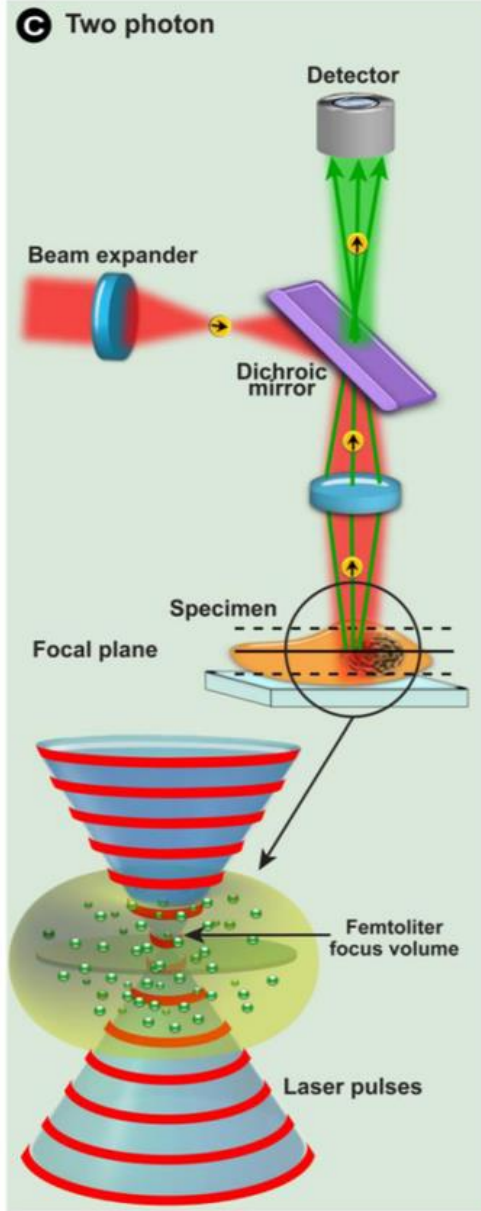
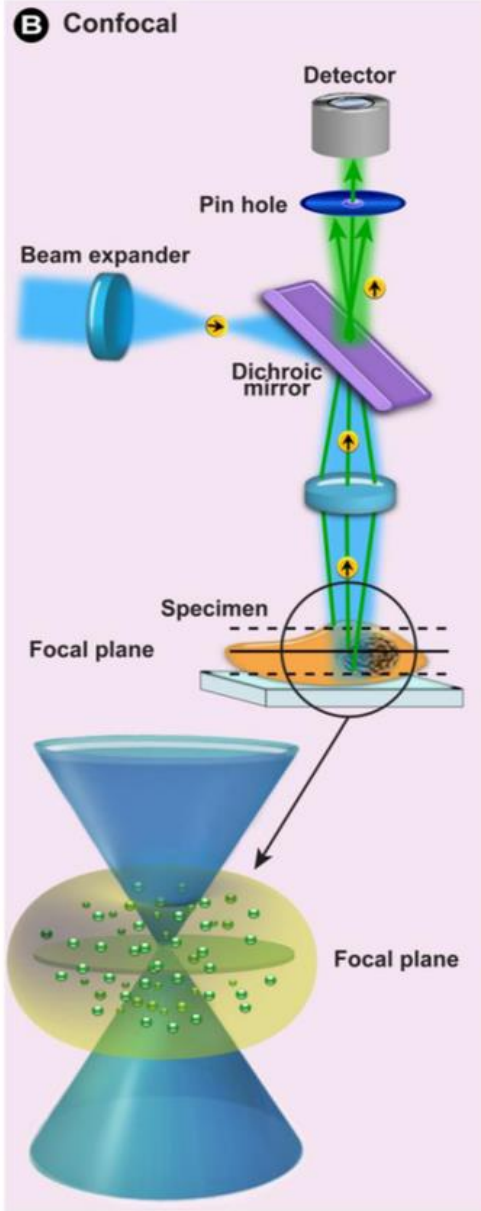
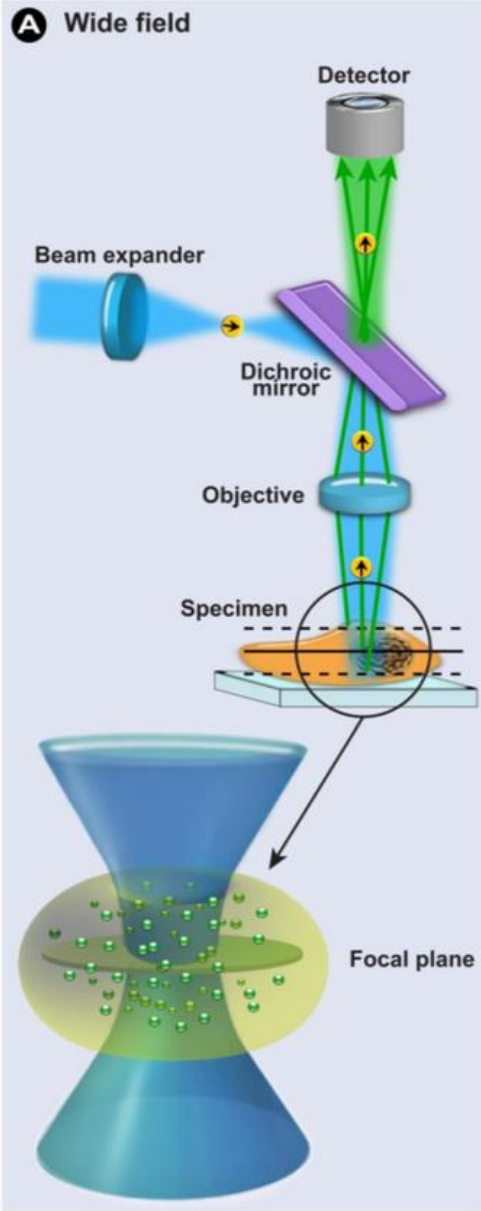
Universal confocal/STED



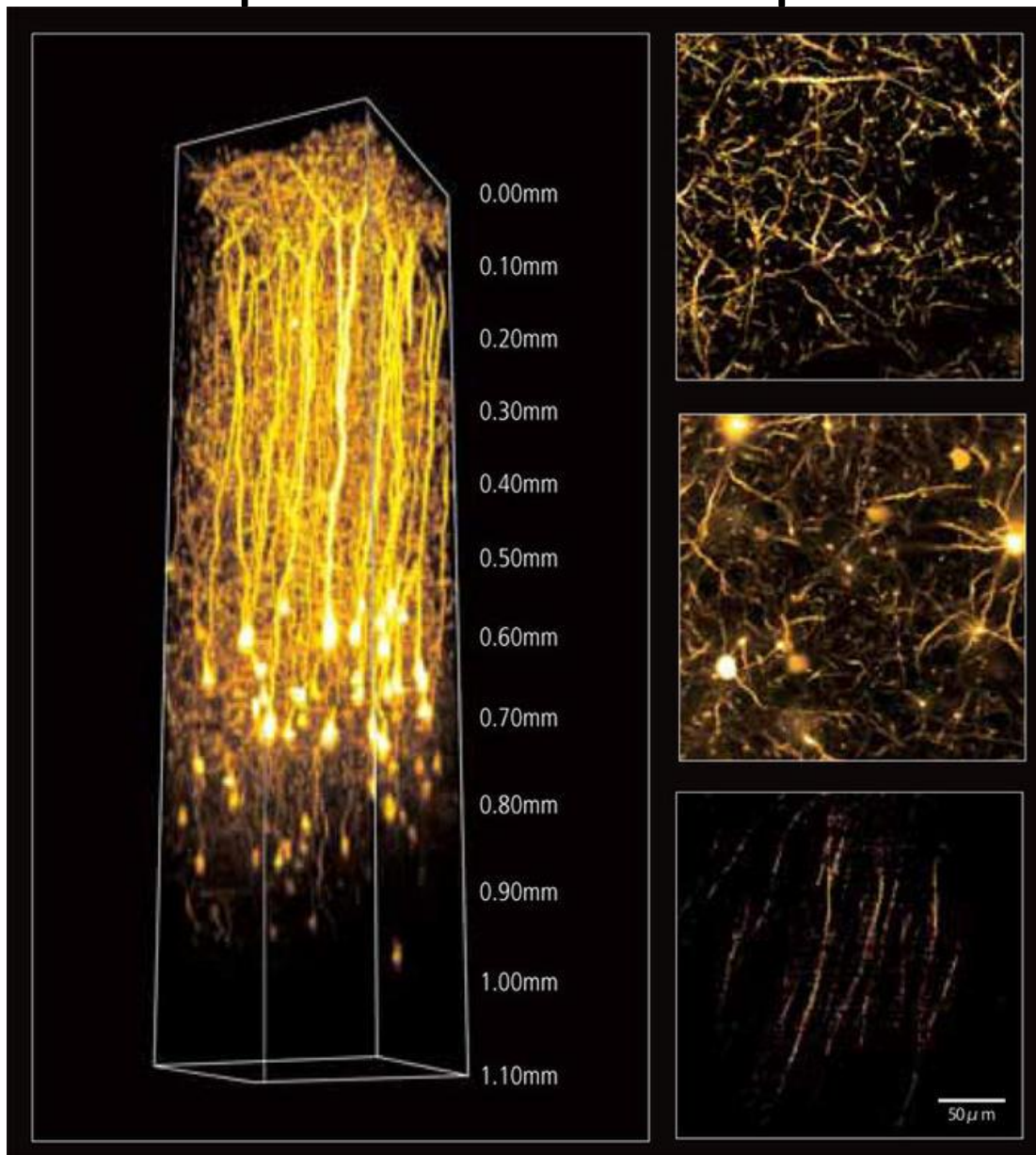
Widefield vs Confocal



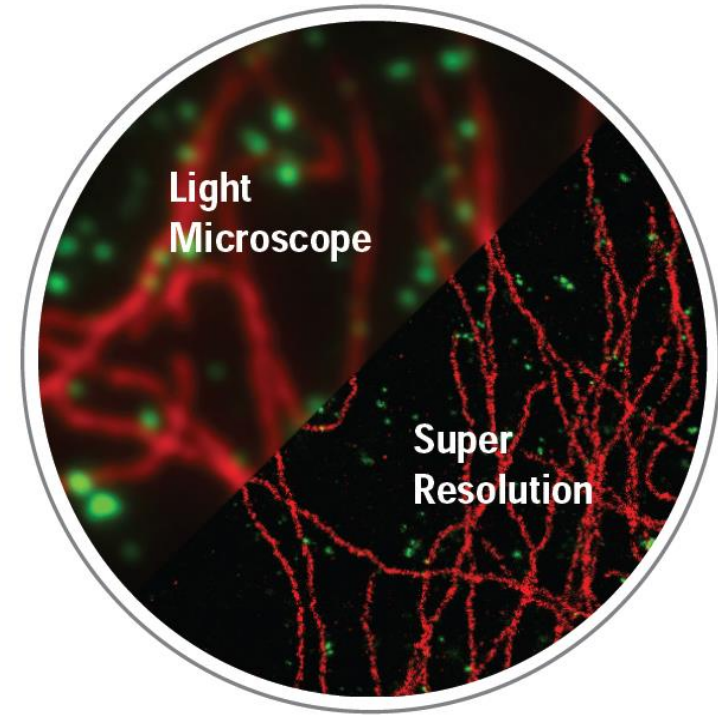
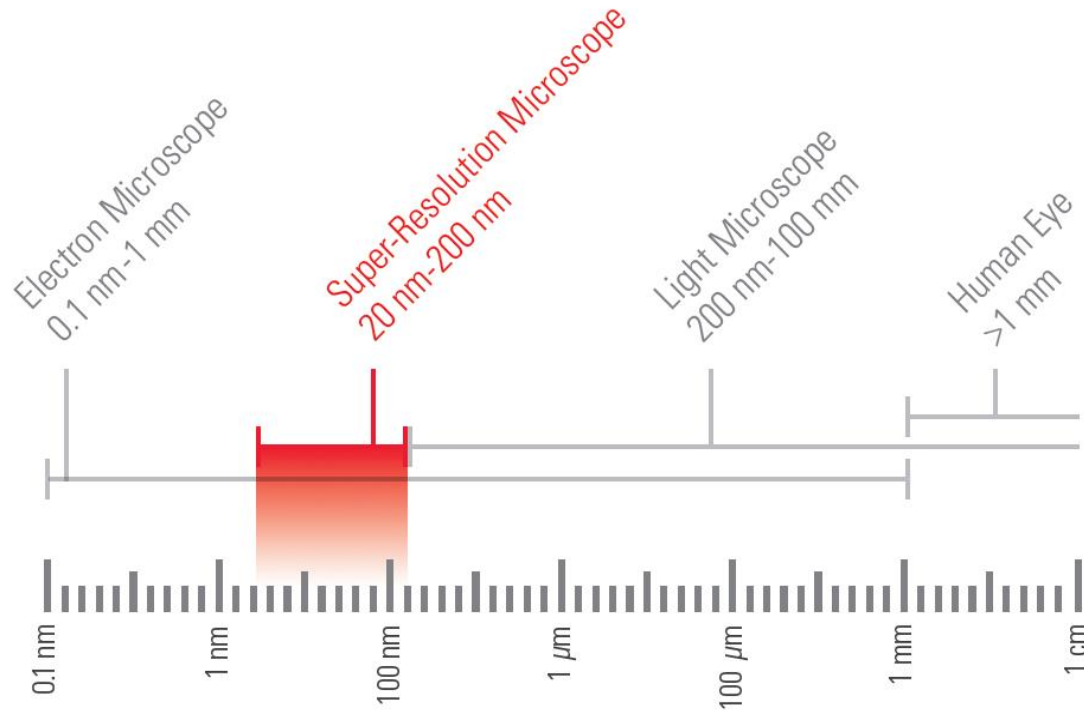
Multiphoton

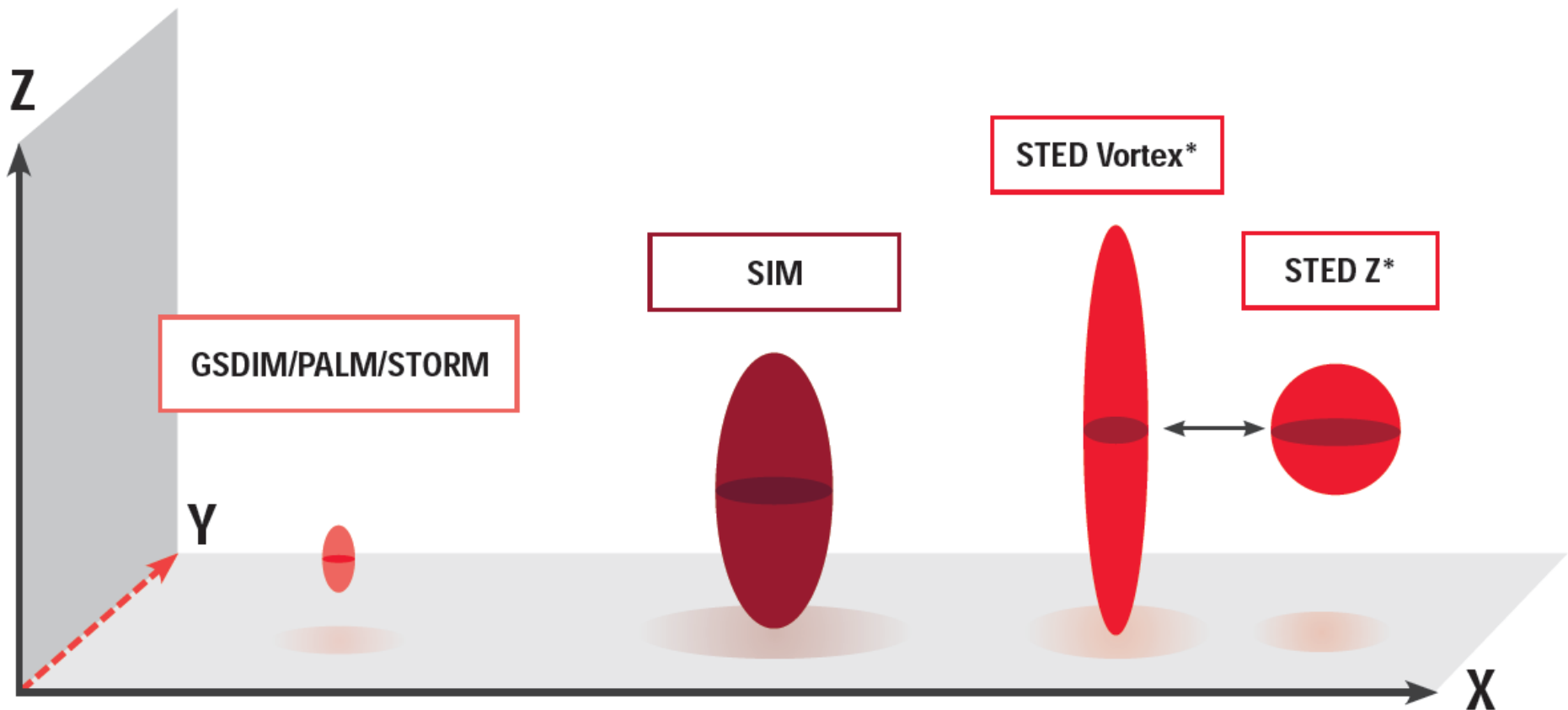


Multiphoton z-depth



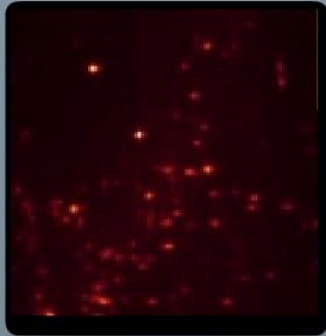
Superresolution



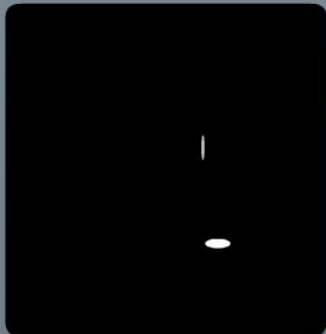


$D_{x,y}$	20 nm	100-130 nm	50-80 nm	150 nm
D_z	50 nm	250-340 nm	500-700 nm	170 nm

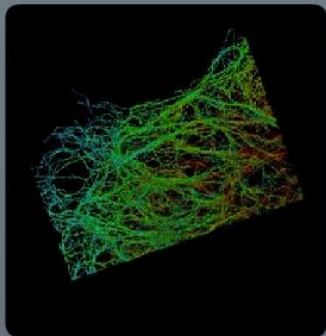
GSDIM/PALM/STORM - стохастические



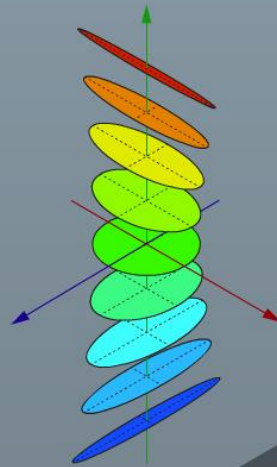
Live Camera View



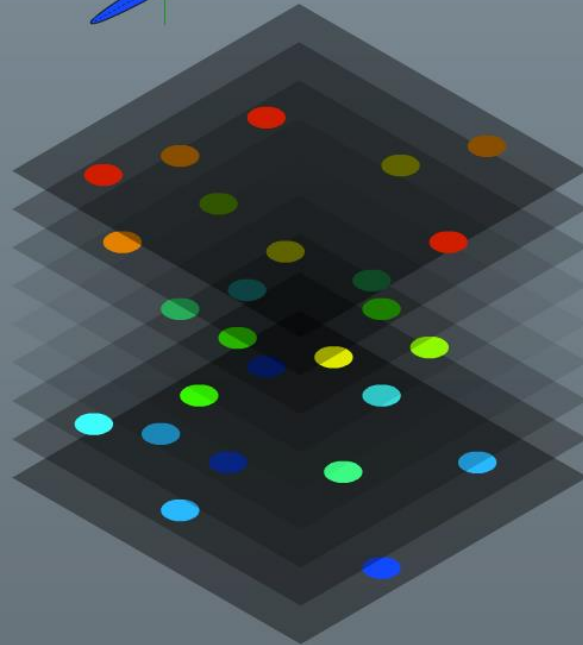
Schematic Specimen View



Resulting Image



Mapping of the various elliptic shapes to the position of molecules in the z-dimension



Важно:

Флуорофоры должны «мигать», т.е. одновременно не должны излучать два флуорофора, расстояние между которыми меньше 300нм.

Картинка получается путем вычисления координат центра пятна.

Для хорошего изображения нужно снять от 10 до 100 тысяч кадров.

Разрешение(XYZ):
20x20x50 нм

Confocal vs STORM

Superresolution Imaging of Microtubules with STORM

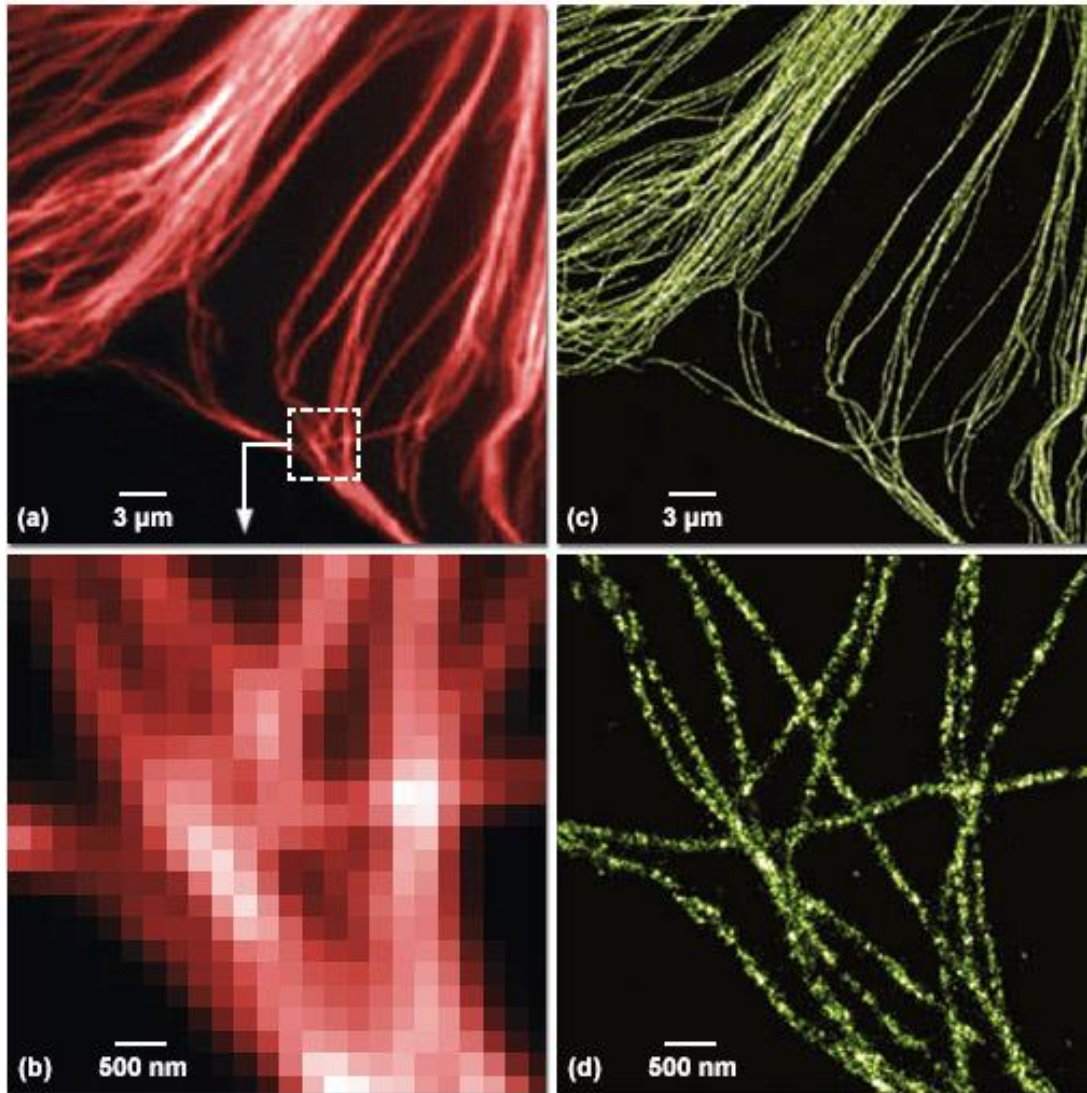


Figure 4

STED – Stimulated Emission Depletion

The Concept of Superresolution with STED Microscopy

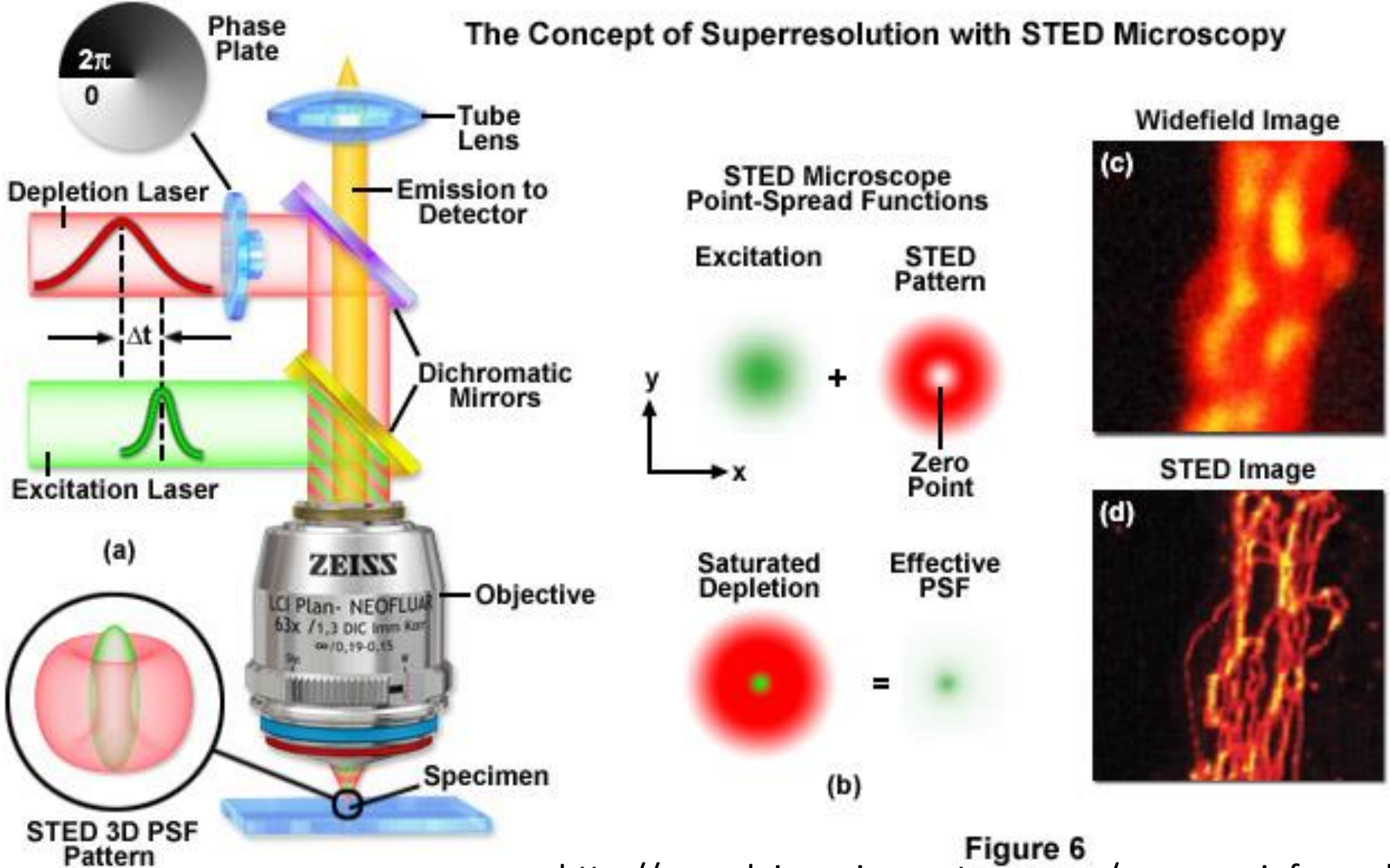
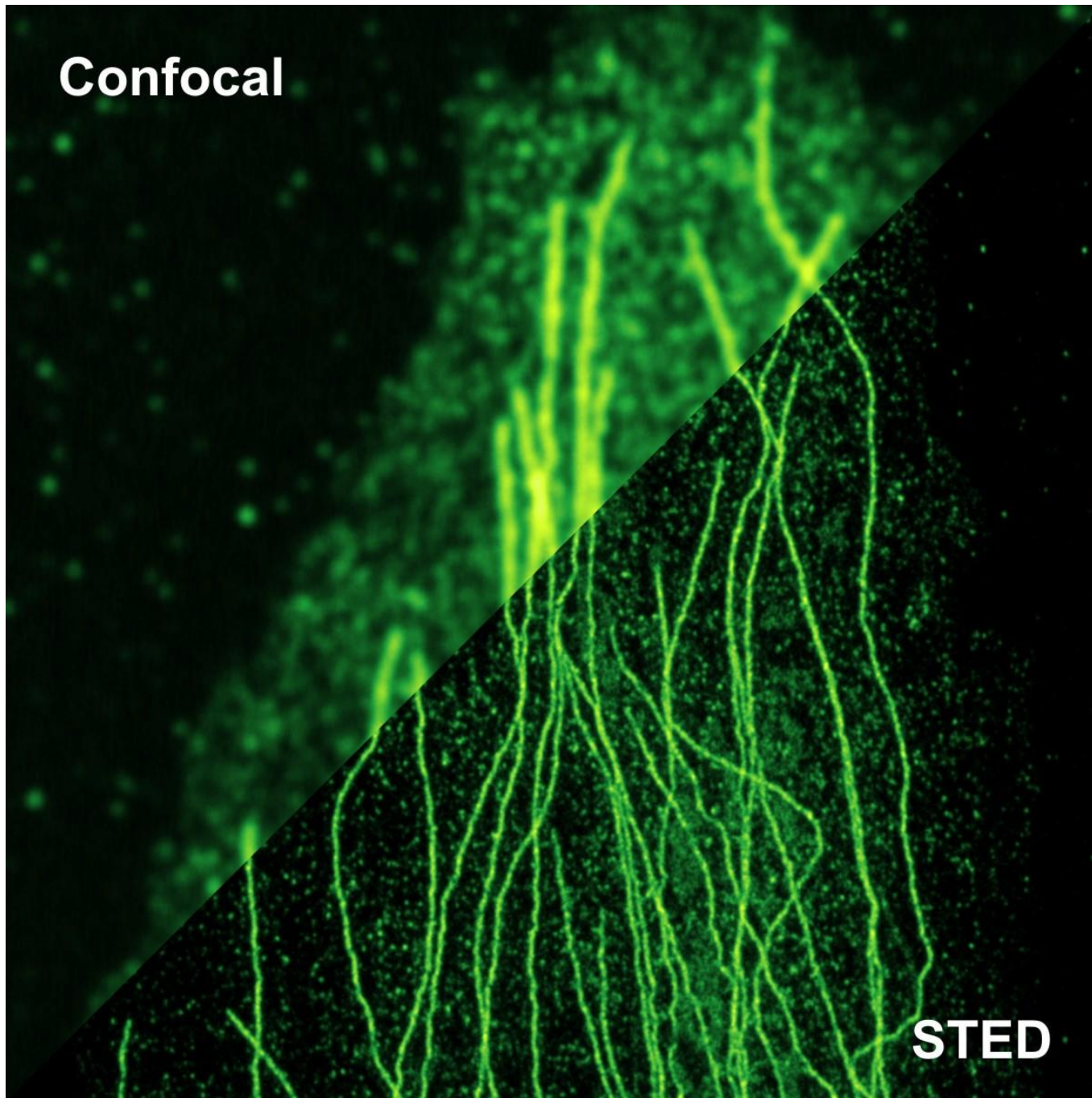


Figure 6

Confocal

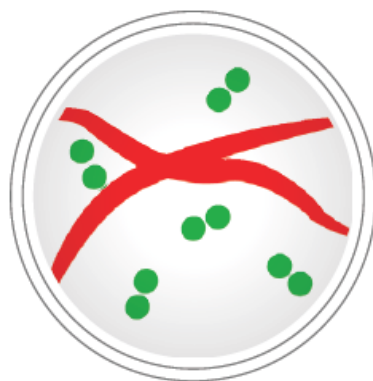
STED



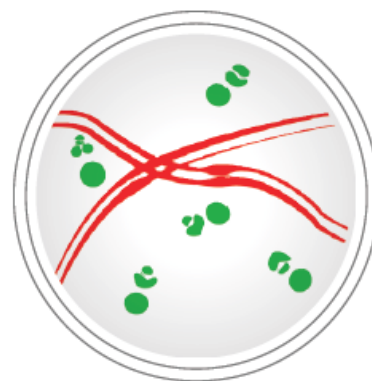
У всех методов есть преимущества и недостатки, зная их, нужно оптимально выбирать метод исследования для конкретной цели.



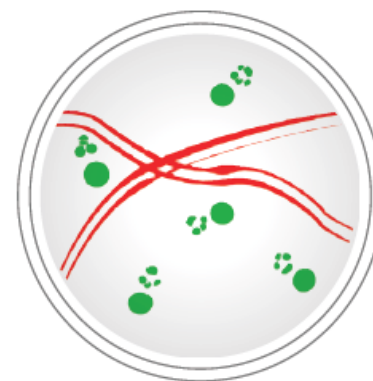
Widefield



SIM

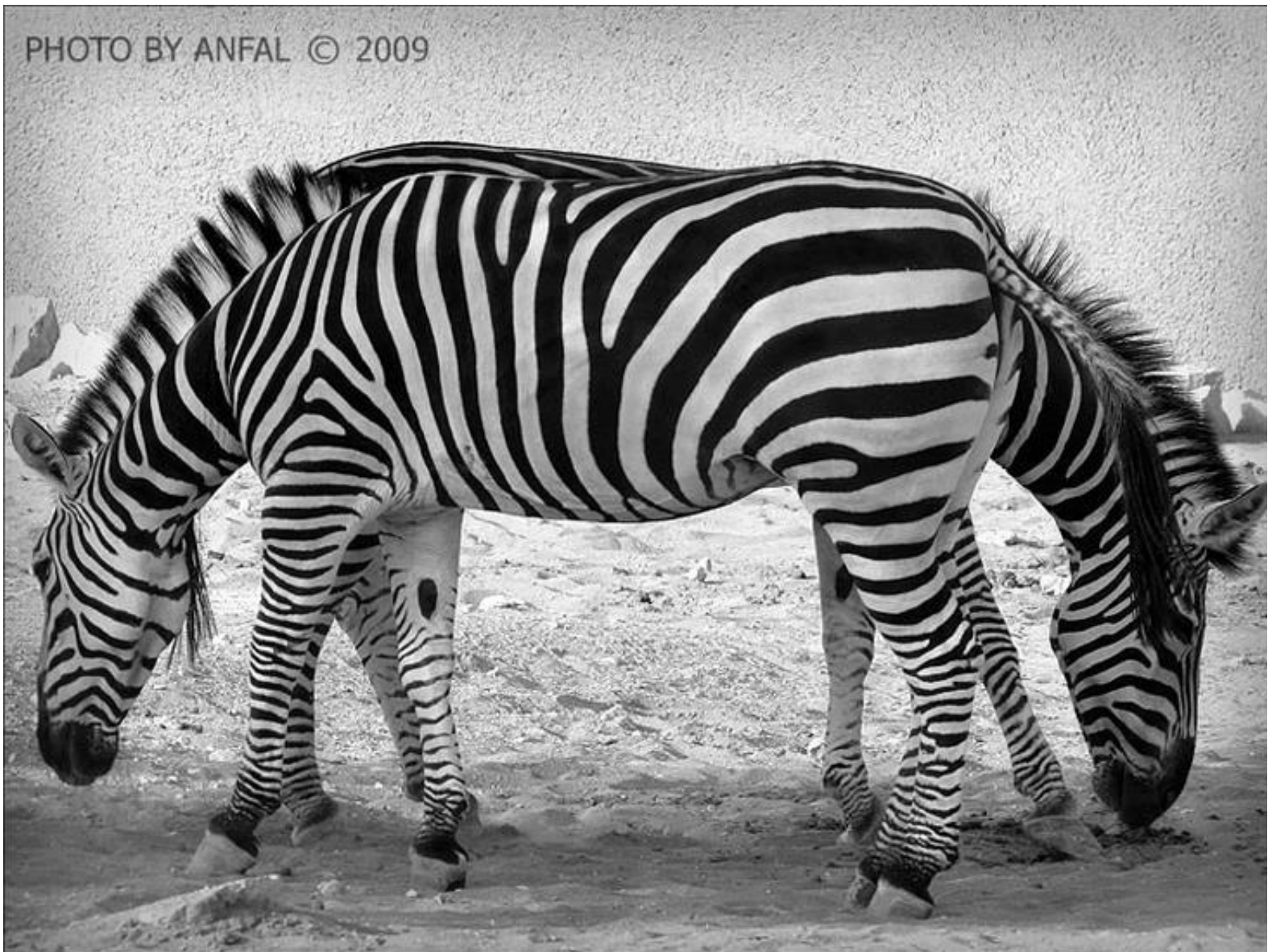


STED



Localization

Seeing is not always believing!



Спасибо за внимание